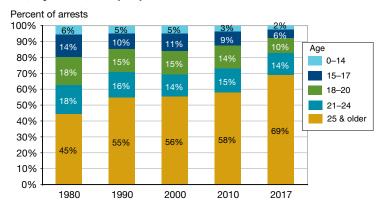


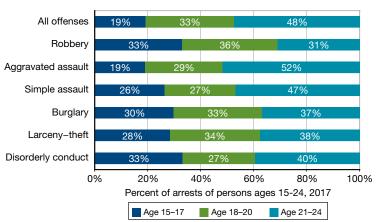
# Arrest Characteristics of Older Juveniles and Young Adults

Law enforcement agencies made an estimated 10.5 million arrests in 2017; nearly 30% involved persons ages 15-24

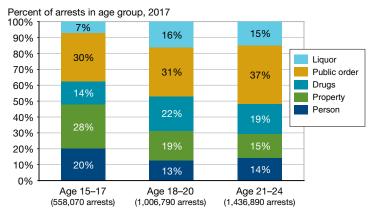
#### In 1980, half of all arrests involved persons ages 15 to 24; by 2017, the proportion fell to 29%



#### In 2017, juveniles ages 15–17 accounted for 19% of arrests of persons ages 15–24, but the proportion varied by offense

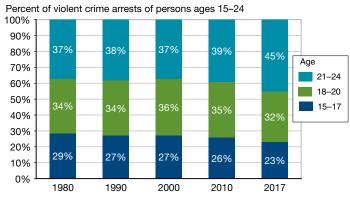


### The proportion of person and property arrests was greater for older juveniles than young adults in 2017



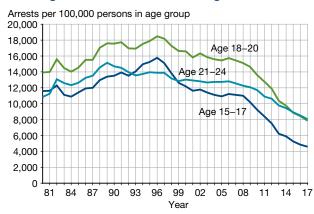
Notes: Liquor offenses include driving under the influence, drunkenness, and liquor law violations. Public order offenses include "all other offenses."

## The proportion of violent crime arrests involving youth ages 15–17 has declined since 1980



Note: Violent crimes include murder, robbery, and aggravated assault.

# Since 2008, arrest rates declined 60% for ages 15–17, 50% for ages 18–20, and 31% for ages 21–24



#### Statistical Briefing Book ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb

Access more information on arrests of juveniles and young adults in the "Law Enforcement & Juvenile Crime" section of the Statistical Briefing Book

- Review FAQs about juvenile arrests
- Create custom annual and trend displays detailed by offense, age, and gender, or offense, race, and age in the "Customizable Arrest Tables" section

**Notes:** Detail in graphs may not sum to 100% because of rounding. This publication was prepared by Charles Puzzanchera, National Center for Juvenile Justice, with funds provided by OJJDP through grant #2016-JF-FX-K001. January 2019.

**Data source:** Analysis of Federal Bureau of Investigation arrest data from the Bureau of Justice Statistics (data years 1980–2014) and the National Center for Juvenile Justice (data years 2015–2017).